

# SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA

# AMS1117S/D/F-AD~ AMS1117S/D/F-5.0

# LOW DROP FIXED AND ADJUSTABLE POSITIVE VOLTAGE REGULATOR

### **Features**

- Maximum output current is 1.0A
- Range of operation input voltage: Max 15V
- Line regulation: 3mV (typ.)
- Standby current: 4mA (typ.)
- Load regulation: 7mV (typ.)
- EnvironmentTemperature: -20 °C ~85 °C

### **Applications**

- Power Management or Computer Mother Board, GraphicCard
- LCD Monitor and LCDTV
- DVD DecodeBoard
- ADSL Modem
- Post Regulators For Switching Supplies

### **General Description**

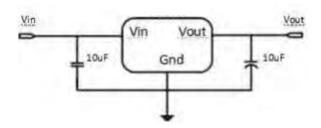
1117 is a series of low dropout three-terminal regulators with a dropout of 1.3 V at 1 Aload current. 1117 features a very low standby current 4mA compared to 8mA of competitor.

Other than a fixed version, Vout = 1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8V, 2.5 V, 2.85V, 3.3V, and 5V, 1117 has an adjustable version, which can provide an output voltage from 1.25 to 12V with only two external resistors.

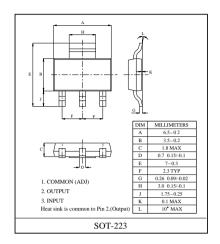
1117 offers thermal shut down function, to assure the stability of chip and power system. And it uses trimming technique to guarantee output voltage accuracy within 2%. Other output voltage accuracy can be customized on demand, such as 1%.

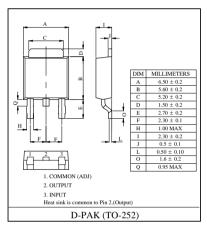
1117 is available in SOT-223, TO-252, SOT-89 power package.

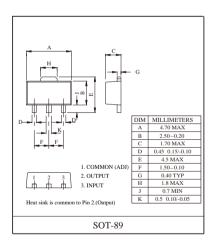
## **Typical Application**



Application circuit of 1117 fixed version

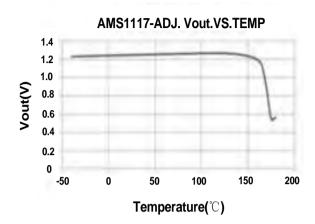








## **Typical Electrical Characteristic**



### **Selection Table**

Marking	Part No	Output Voltage	Package
	XX=12	1 2V	
	XX=15	1.5V	
AMS1117	XX=18	1.8V	SOT-223
XX CCCCC	XX=28	2.85V	TO-252
	XX=25	2.5V	SOT-89
	XX=33	3.3V	301 03
	XX=50	5.0V	
	XX=AD	Adj	

### **Ordering Information**

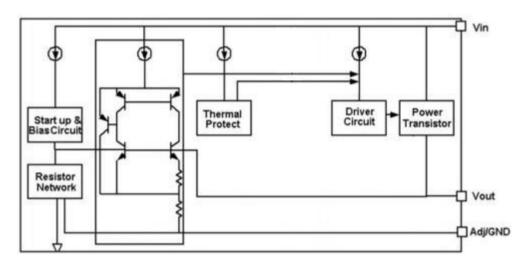
Marking	Designator	Description		
AMS1117	AMS1117	Product code		
	XX	Output Voltage(1.2~12.0V)		
XX CCCCC	CCCCC	Chip CODE		

Note: "XX" stands for output voltages. Other voltages can be specially customized

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### **Block Diagram**



# **Pin Configuration**

SOT-223 (Top View)

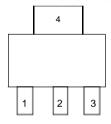


Table1:1117 series (SOT-223)

PIN NO.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION
1	VSS/ADJ	VSS/ADJ pin
2	VOUT	Output voltage pin
3	VIN	Input voltage pin
4	VOUT	Output voltage pin

TO-252 (Top View)

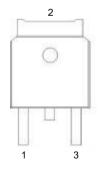


Table2: 1117 series (TO-252)

	145.62. 1117 661166 (16 262)				
PIN NO. PIN NAME FUNC		FUNCTION			
1	VSS/ADJ	VSS/ADJ pin			
2	VOUT	Output voltage pin			
3	VIN	Input voltage pin			

SOT-89 (Top View)

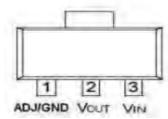


Table3: 1117 series (SOT-89)

PIN NO.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION
1	VSS/ADJ	VSS/ADJ pin
2	VOUT	Output voltage pin
3	VIN	Input voltage pin



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Max Input Voltage	15V
Max Operating Junction Temperature(Tj)	150℃
Ambient Temperature(Ta)	-40 ℃~ 85℃
Storage Temperature(Ts)	-60 ℃~150℃
Lead Temperature & Time	260℃ 10S

Caution: Exceed these limits to damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.

### **Recommended Work Conditions**

### **Thermal Information**

Parameter	Package	Rating	Unit
Package thermal resistance	SOT-223	20	°C/W
	TO-252	12.5	°C/W
	SOT-89	20	°C/W

### **Electrical Characteristics**

TA= $25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Vref	Reference	1117-Adj	1.225	1.25	1.275	٧
	voltage	10mA≲Iout≲1A , Vin=3.25V				
		1117-1.2V	1.176	1.2	1.224	V
		0≲Iout≲1A , Vin=3.2V				
		1117-1.5V	1.47	1.5	1.53	V
		0≲Iout≲1A , Vin=3.5V				
		1117-1.8V	1.764	1.8	1.836	V
Vout	Output voltage	0≲Iout≲1A , Vin=3.8V				
		1117-2.5V	2.45	2.5	2.55	V
		0≲Iout≲1A , Vin=4.5V				
		1117-2.85V	2.793	2.85	2.907	V
		0≲Iout≲1A , Vin=4.85V				
		1117-3.3V	3.234	3.3	3.366	V
		0≤lout≤1A , Vin=5.3V				
		1117-5.0V	4.9	5	5.1	V
		0≤lout≤1A , Vin=7.0V				

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# **Electrical Characteristics(Con.)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		1117-1.2V		2.0	7.0	mV
		lout=10mA, 2.7V≪Vin≪10V				
		1117-1.5V		2.0	7.0	mV
		lout=10mA, 3.0V≪Vin≪10V				
		1117-ADJ		0.1	0.2	%
		lout=10mA, 2.75V≲Vin≤12V				
$\triangle Vout$	Line	1117-1.8V		2.0	7.0	mV
	regulation	lout=10mA, 3.3V≪Vin≪12V				
		1117-2.5V		2.0	7.0	mV
		lout=10mA, 4.0V≲Vin≤12V				
		1117-2.85V		2.0	7.0	mV
		lout=10mA, 4.35V≲Vin≤12V				
		1117-3.3V		3.0	7.0	mV
		lout=10mA, 4.8V≲Vin≤12V				
		1117-5.0V		4.0	10.0	mV
		lout=10mA, 6.5V≤Vin≤12V				
		1117-1.2V		3	12	mV
		Vin =2.7V, 10mA≤lout≤1A				
		1117-1.5V		3	15	mV
		Vin =3.0V, 10mA≤lout≤1A				
		1117-ADJ		3	13	mV
		Vin =2.75V, 10mA≤lout≤1A				
$\triangle Vout$	Load	1117-1.8V		4	18	mV
	regulation	Vin =3.3V, 10mA≤lout≤1A				
		1117-2.5V		5	25	mV
		Vin =4.0V, 10mA≤lout≤1A				
		1117-2.85V		6	29	mV
		Vin =4.35V, 10mA≤lout≤1A				
		1117-3.3		7	33	mV
		Vin =4.8V, 10mA≤lout≤1A				
		1117-5.0		10	50	mV
		Vin =6.5V, 10mA≤lout≤1A				
Vdrop	Dropout voltage	lout =100mA		1.15	1.3	V
		lout=1A		1.3	1.5	V
Imin	Minimum load current	1117-ADJ		2	10	mA

Ιq

Quiescent

Current

1117-1.2V,Vin=10V

1117-1.5V,Vin=10V

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 $\mathsf{m}\mathsf{A}$ 

mΑ

8

8



### **Electrical Characteristics(Con.)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		1117-1.8V,Vin=12V		4	8	mA
	Quiescent	1117-2.5V,Vin=12V		4	8	mA
Iq	Current	1117-2.85V,Vin=12V		4	8	mA
	Current	1117-3.3V,Vin=12V		4	8	mA
		1117-5.0V,Vin=12V		4	8	mA
104:	Adjust pin	1117-ADJ		55	120	uA
IAdj	current	Vin=5V, 10mA≤lout≤1A				
Ichange	ladj change	1117-ADJ		0.2	10	uA
ichange	ladj change	Vin=5V, 10mA≤lout≤1A				
Δ V/ Δ Τ	Temperature coefficient			±100		ppm
Δ	Thermal	SOT-223/SOT-89		20		°C/W
$\theta^{C}$	resistance	TO-252		10		C/VV
V <sub>N</sub>	Operating Input Voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 5mA			15	V
I <sub>sc</sub>	Short Circuit Current Limit	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> +1.5V	1000	1200	2000	mA
V <sub>NO</sub>	Output Noise Voltage	B = 10Hz to 10kHz, T <sub>J</sub> = 25 ℃		100		uV
R·R	Ripple Rejection	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1A, f=120Hz, Vripple=1Vp-p V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> +5V	60	72		dB
TCV <sub>O</sub>	Temperature Stability			0.5		%

Note1: All test are conducted under ambient temperature 25°C and within a short period of time 20ms

Note2: Load current smaller than minimum load current of 1117-ADJ will lead to unstable or oscillation output.

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### **Detailed Description**

1117 is a series of low dropout voltage, three terminal regulators. Its application circuit is very simple: the fixed version only needs two capacitors and the adjustable version only needs two resistors and two capacitors to work. It is composed of some modules including start-up circuit, bias circuit, bandgap, thermal shutdown, power transistors and its driver circuit and so on.

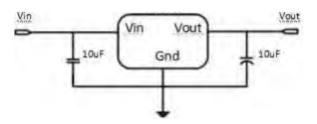
The thermal shut down modules can assure chip and its application system working safetywhen the junction temperature is larger than 140°C.

The bandgap module provides stable reference voltage, whose temperature coefficient is compensated by careful design considerations. The temperature coefficient is under 100 ppm/°C. And the accuracy of output voltage is guaranteed by trimming technique.

### **Typical Application**

1117 has an adjustable version and sixfixed versions (1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.85V, 3.3V and 5V)

### **Fixed Output Voltage Version**

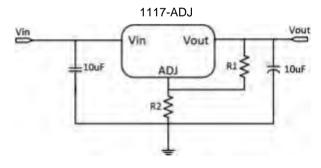


Application circuit of 1117 fixed version

- 1) Recommend using 10uF tan capacitor as bypass capacitor (C1) for all application circuit.
- 2) Recommend using 10uF tan capacitor to assure circuit stability.

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### **Adjustable Output Voltage Version**



Application Circuit of 1117-ADJ

The output voltage of adjustable version follows the equation: Vout= $1.25 \times (1+R2/R1)+IAdj \times R2$ . We can ignore IAdj because IAdj (about 50uA) is much less than the current of R1 (about 2~10mA).

1) To meet the minimum load current (>10mA) requirement, R1 is recommended to be 125ohm or lower. As



1117-ADJ can keep itself stable at load current about 2mA, R1 is not allowed to be higher than 625ohm.

2) Using a bypass capacitor (C<sub>ADJ</sub>) between the ADJ pin and ground can improve ripple rejection. This bypass capacitor prevents ripple from being amplified as the output voltage is increased. The impedance of C<sub>ADJ</sub> should be less than R1 to prevent ripple from being amplified. As R1 is normally in the range of  $100\Omega\sim500\Omega$ , the value of C <sub>ADJ</sub> should satisfythis equation:  $1/(2~\pi~\times f_{fipple}\times C_{ADJ})<$ R1.

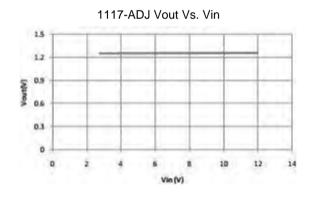
#### **Thermal Considerations**

We have to take heat dissipation into great consideration when output current or differential voltage of input and output voltage is large. Because in such cases, the power dissipation consumed by 1117 is very large. 1117 series uses SOT-223 package type and its thermal resistance is about 20°C/W. And the copper area of application board can affect the total thermal resistance. If copper area is 5cm\*5cm (two sides), the resistance is about 30°C/W. So the total thermal resistance is about 20°C/W + 30°C/W. We can decrease total thermal resistance byincreasing copper area in application board. When there is no good heat dissipation copper are in PCB, the total thermal resistance will be as high as 120°C/W, then the power dissipation of 1117 could allow on itself is less than 1W. And furthermore, 1117 will work at junction temperature higher than 125°C under such condition and no lifetime is guaranteed.

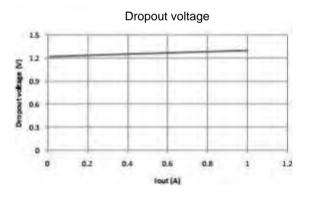
### **Typical Performance Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub>=25°C, unless otherwise noted.

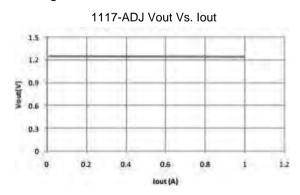
#### Line regulation



#### **Dropout voltage**



#### Load regulation



#### Thermal performance with OTP

