

# SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA

### FC2338

#### Non-isolated Buck APFC LED Driver

#### **Description**

The FC2338 is a high precision non-isolated buck driver with active PFC, specially designed for high mains input offline constant current LED lighting. The driver with on-chip PFC circuit achieves high power factor and low THD. Operating in critical conduction mode, the power MOSFET switching loss is reduced and the inductor is fully utilized.

The FC2338 integrates a 600V power MOSFET. With few external components, the LED output current can be precisely controlled.

The FC2338 utilizes patented floating ground structure. The inductor current is sensed during the whole switching cycle. So it achieves high precision output current control, and excellent line regulation and load regulation.

The FC2338 utilizes patented start up technology with HV JFET. So it achieves fast start up, reduce count of external components, and realize smaller form factor.

The FC2338 offers rich protection functions to improve the system reliability, including LED open circuit protection, LED short circuit protection, VCC under voltage protection, CS resistor open circuit protection and cycle by cycle current limit. All the protection functions are auto-recovery. The system reliability is further improved by the thermal regulation function. The output current is reduced when the driver is over temperature.

Revision No: 0

#### **Features**

- Fast start up and power supply with HV JFET
- Integrated with 600V Power MOSFET
- Active PFC for High Power Factor and Low THD
- ±3% LED Output Current Accuracy
- Excellent Line and Load Regulation
- Critical Conduction Mode Operation
- Ultra Low (300uA) Operating Current
- LED Short Protection
- LED Open Protection (OVP)
- Current Sensing Resistor Open Protection
- Cycle by Cycle Current Limit
- VCC Under Voltage Protection
- Auto Fault Recovery
- Thermal Regulation Function

#### **Applications**

- LED retrofit lamps, Bulb, Spot Light, GU10/E27
- LED PAR30, PAR38 Lamp
- LED tube, LED String
- Other LED Lighting



# **Typical Application**

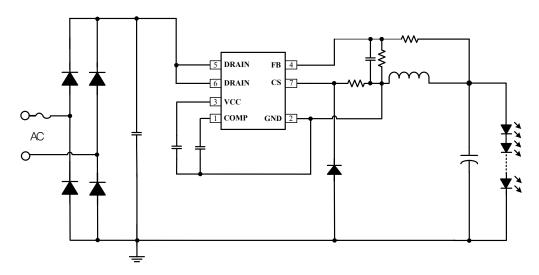


Figure 1. Typical application circuit with OVP for FC2338

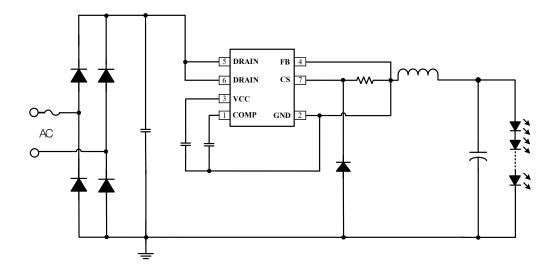


Figure 2. Typical application circuit without OVP for FC2338

Revision No: 0



# **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Package	Operating Temperature	Package Method	Marking
FC2338	SOP-7	-40 ℃ to 105 ℃	Tape 4,000 pcs/Reel	BP2338 XXXXXYS FGXXWWJ

### Pin Configuration and Marking Information

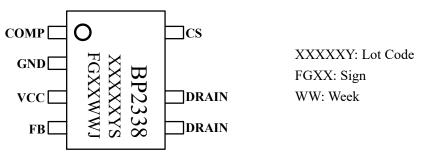


Figure 3. Pin configuration

### **Pin Definition**

Pin No.	Name	Description	
1	СОМР	Loop Compensation Node. This pin connects a capacitor to GND for stabilization of the control loop, achieving accurate LED current, high Power Factor and low THD.	
2	GND	Ground.	
3	VCC	Power Supply Pin. Connect a bypass capacitor from this pin to GND.	
4	FB	Output Voltage detection Pin. If the system have no OVP, this pin will be connected to GND.	
5,6	DRAIN	Internal HV Power MOSFET Drain.	
7	CS	Current Sense Pin. Connect a resistor to GND to sense the inductor current.	

Revision No: 0

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (note1)

Symbol	Parameters	Range	Units
$V_{DS}$	Internal HV MOSFET Drain to Source voltage	-0.3~600	V
I <sub>CC_MAX</sub>	VCC pin maximum sink current	20	mA
COMP	Compensation pin voltage	-0.3~6	V
FB	Feedback Voltage detection Pin	-0.3~6	V
CS	Current sense pin	-0.3~6	V
P <sub>DMAX</sub>	Power dissipation (note2)	0.45	W
$\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$	Thermal resistance (Junction to Ambient)	145	°C/W
$T_{\mathrm{J}}$	Operating junction temperature	-40 to 150	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage temperature range	-55 to 150	°C

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Under "recommended operating conditions" the device operation is assured, but some particular parameter may not be achieved. The electrical characteristics table defines the operation range of the device, the electrical characteristics is assured on DC and AC voltage by test program. For the parameters without minimum and maximum value in the EC table, the typical value defines the operation range, the a ccuracy is not guaranteed by spec.

Note 2: The maximum power dissipation decrease if temperature rise, it is decided by  $T_{JMAX}$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$  and environment temperature  $(T_A)$ . The maximum power dissipation is the lower one between  $P_{DMAX} = (T_{JMAX} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$  and the number listed in the maximum table.

### **Recommended Operation Conditions**

Revision No: 0

Symbol	Parameter		Range	Unit
T 1	Output LED current @	Input voltage 90Vac	< 220	mA
I LED 1	Vout=72V	Input voltage 176Vac	< 250	mA
I LED 2	Output LED current @	Input voltage 90Vac	< 320	mA
	Vout=36V	Input voltage 176Vac	< 360	mA

# **Electrical Characteristics (Notes 3, 4)**

(Ta=25°C Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{CC}$ =11.2V)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply Voltag	e Section					
V <sub>CC_ON</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Turn On Threshold	V <sub>CC</sub> Rising	9.0	10.7	12.5	V
V <sub>CC_UVLO</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Turn Off Threshold	V <sub>CC</sub> Falling	6.0	7.0	8.2	V
V <sub>CC_HIGH</sub>	VCC Charge Limit	Vcc Rising	9.0	10.7	12.5	V
V <sub>CC_CLAMP</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Clamp Voltage		11	14	17	V
I <sub>CC_UVLO</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Startup Current	V <sub>CC</sub> Rising, V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CC_ON</sub> - 1V		40	80	uA
$I_{CC}$	V <sub>CC</sub> Operating Current	F <sub>OP</sub> =7kHz,		180	300	uA
Feedback Sect	tion					
$V_{FB\_OVP}$	FB Over Voltage Protection Threshold		1.5	1.65	1.85	V
Internal Cont	roller					
$T_{\mathrm{ON\_MAX}}$	Maximum On Time		4	5.5	8	us
T <sub>OFF_MIN</sub>	Minimum Off Time		2	4.2	6	us
T <sub>OFF_MAX</sub>	Maximum Off Time			150		us
Current Sense	Section					
V <sub>CS_LIMIT</sub>	CS Peak Voltage Limitation			1.5		V
T <sub>LEB_CS</sub>	Leading Edge Blanking Time for Current Sense			300		ns
$T_{DELAY}$	Switch off Delay Time			200		ns
Compensation	Section					
$V_{ m REF}$	Internal Reference Voltage		0.194	0.200	0.206	V
$V_{\text{COMP\_LO}}$	COMP Low Clamp  Voltage			1.6		V
$V_{\text{COMP\_HI}}$	COMP High Clamp Voltage	_		4.0		V

### **Electrical Characteristics (Con.)**

Power MOSF	ЕТ					
$R_{DS\_ON}$	Static Drain-source On- resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V/I <sub>DS</sub> =0.5A		1.8		Ω
$\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{VDSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V/I <sub>DS</sub> =250uA	600			V
$I_{DSS}$	Power MOSFET Drain  Leakage Current	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V/V <sub>DS</sub> =600V			1	uA
HV JFET						
$I_{ m JFET}$	JFET current	Drain of JFET to GND 40v	5	9	13	mA
$\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{VDSS}}$	JFET Drain to Source		600			V
$I_{DSS}$	JFET shut down Leakage Current			45		uA
Thermal Reg	ulation Section					
$T_{REG}$	Thermal Regulation Temperature			140		$^{\circ}$

Note 3: production testing of the chip is performed at 25  $\,$  C.

Revision No: 0

Note 4: the maximum and minimum parameters specified are guaranteed by test, the typical value are guaranteed by design, characterization and statistical analysis



#### **Internal Block Diagram**

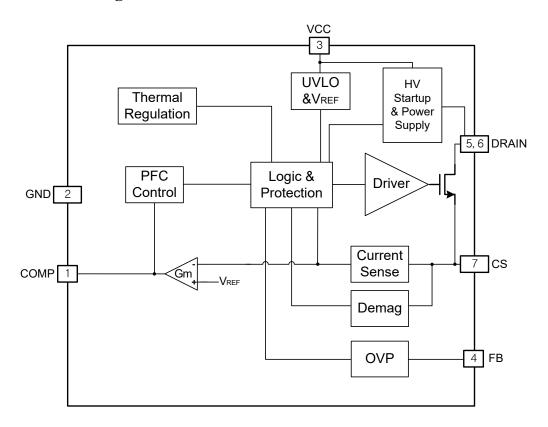


Figure 5. FC2338 Internal Block Diagram

### **Application Information**

The FC2338 integrating a 600V power MOSFET, is a high precision non-isolated buck APFC LED driver, specially designed for universal mains with constant current control. The driver with on-chip PFC circuit achieves high power factor, low THD and high efficiency.

#### 1 Start Up

After system powered on, the capacitor on VCC pin is charged up by the internal JFET. When the VCC pin voltage reaches the turn on threshold, the internal circuits start working. The COMP pin voltage is pulled up to 1.6V quickly, then the system starts switching from 7kHz frequency at the beginning, the COMP voltage rises up gradually, and the inductor peak current also rises up. The LED current hence achieves a soft start without overshoot.

#### **2 Constant Current Control**

The FC2338 utilizes patent pending floating ground structure. The inductor current is sensed during the whole switching cycle, thus it achieves high precision output current control and also excellent line and load regulation.

The LED current can be calculated by the equation:

$$I_{OUT} \approx \frac{V_{\text{REF}}}{Rcs}$$

Where,

 $V_{\text{REF}}$ : Internal reference voltage

Rcs: Value of the current sensing resistor

#### 3 Feedback Network

The FB pin is used to detect output voltage, the OVP threshold voltage is 1.65V. The ratio of FB upper



resistor to lower resistor can be set as:

$$\frac{R_{FBL}}{R_{FRI} + R_{FRH}} = \frac{1.65V}{V_{OVP}}$$

Where,

 $R_{FBL}$ : The lower resistor of the feedback network  $R_{FBH}$ : The upper resistor of the feedback network

 $V_{\text{OVP}}$ : Output over voltage setting point If the system have no OVP, this pin will be connected to GND.

#### 4 Thermal Regulation

The FC2338 integrates thermal regulation function. When the system is over temperature, the output current is gradually reduced; the output power and thermal dissipation are also reduced. The system temperature is regulated and the system reliability is improved. The typical thermal regulation temperature is set to  $140\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  internally.

#### **5 Protection Functions**

To improve the system reliability, FC2338 offers protection functions:

When the LED is open circuit, the output voltage will gradually rise up. The output voltage is sensed by the FB pin when power MOSFET is turned off. When FB voltage reaches the OVP threshold, it will trigger fault logic and the system stops switching.

When the LED is shorted circuit, the switching frequency will work under 7 kHz. Meanwhile, the output voltage is low and the VCC pin cannot be charged up by the output voltage, so the VCC pin voltage will gradually decrease and finally reaches the UVLO threshold.

After the system enters into fault condition, the VCC voltage will decrease until it reaches UVLO threshold. Then the system will re-start again. If the fault condition is removed, the system will resume normal operation.

Revision No: 0

When the output is short circuit or the inductor is saturated, the CS peak voltage will be relatively high. When CS voltage reaches the internal limitation (1.5V), the power MOSFET will be turned off instantaneously. This cycle by cycle current limitation can help protecting the power MOSFET, the inductor and the output diode.

#### **6 PCB Layouts**

The following guidelines should be followed in FC2338 PCB layout:

**Bypass Capacitor** 

Put the bypass capacitor close to VCC pin, and loop compensation capacitor to COMP pin.

**Ground Path** 

Keep a short and wide ground path for current sense resistor. The IC signal ground for COMP and FB components should be connected to the IC GND.

The Area of Power Loop

The area of main current loop should be as small as possible to reduce EMI radiation.

FB Pin

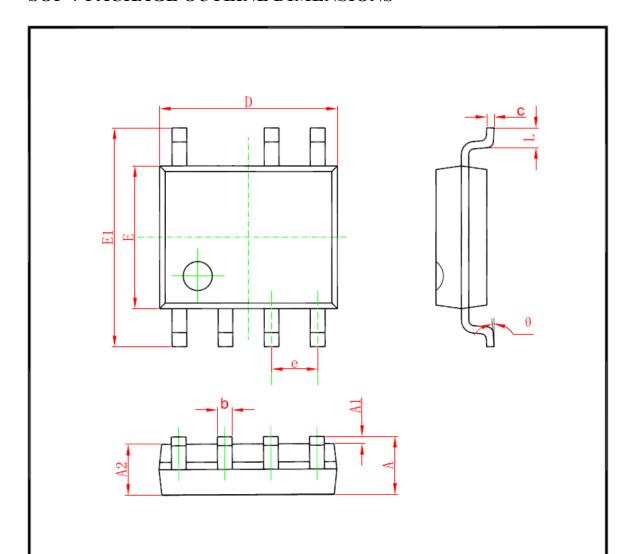
Put the divider resistor close to the FB pin as possible, and keep the trace away to the switching node.

**DRAIN Pin** 

To increase the copper area of DRAIN pin for better thermal dissipation.



### **SOP-7 PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**



Comb a l	Dimensions In	n Millimeters	Dimensions	In Inches
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	1. 350	1. 750	0.053	0.069
A1	0. 100	0. 250	0.004	0. 010
A2	1. 350	1. 550	0.053	0.061
b	0. 330	0. 510	0. 013	0. 020
С	0. 170	0. 250	0.006	0.010
D	4. 700	5. 100	0. 185	0. 200
E	3.800	4. 000	0. 150	0. 157
E1	5. 800	6. 200	0. 228	0. 244
е	1. 270	1. 270 (BSC)		(BSC)
L	0. 400	1. 270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°