



Glass passivated super fast rectifier

Reverse voltage 100 to 600 volts forward current 10 amper

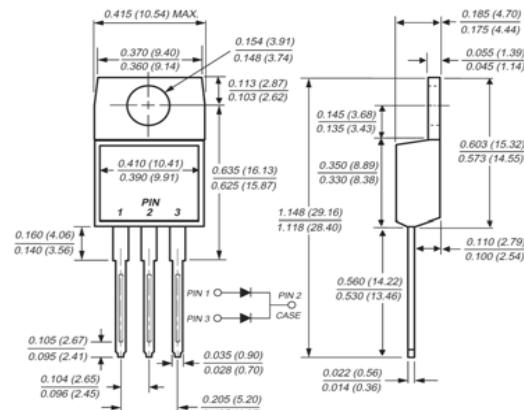
Features

- ◆ Low power loss, high efficiency
- ◆ Low forward voltage, high current capability
- ◆ High surge capacity
- ◆ Super fast recovery times, high voltage

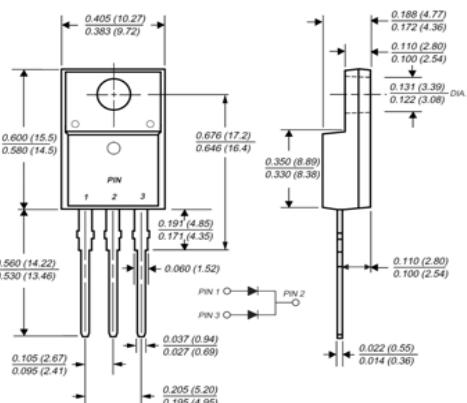
Mechanical Data

- ◆ Case: TO-220AB full molded plastic package
- ◆ Terminals: Lead solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208
- ◆ Polarity: As marked
- ◆ Standard packaging: Any
- ◆ Weight: 0.08 ounces, 2.24 grams

TO-220AB



TO-220F



Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	MUR 1010CT	MUR 1015CT	MUR 1020CT	MUR 1030CT	MUR 1040CT	MUR 1060CT	Unit		
Maximum repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}	100	150	200	300	400	600	Volts		
Maximum RMS voltage	V_{RMS}	70	105	140	210	280	420	Volts		
Maximum DC blocking voltage	V_{DC}	100	150	200	300	400	600	Volts		
Maximum average forward rectified current at $T_c=100^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{F(AV)}$	10.0					Amps			
Peak forward surge current 8.3ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)	I_{FSM}	150.0					Amps			
Maximum instantaneous forward voltage at 5.0A per element	V_F	0.95		1.3		1.6		Volts		
Maximum DC reverse current @ $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$ at rated DC blocking voltage	I_R	10.0		500		10.0		uA		
Maximum reverse recovery time at $I_r=0.5\text{A}$, $I_f=1.0\text{A}$, $I_{fr}=0.25\text{A}$	t_{rr}	35		50		nS				
Typical junction capacitance at 4.0V, 1MHz	C_J	62					pF			
Typical thermal resistance TO-220AB (TYP) TO-220F (TYP)	R_{thJC}	2.0					$^\circ\text{C/W}$			
Typical thermal resistance TO-220AB(TYP) TO-220F(TYP)	R_{thJA}	62.5					$^\circ\text{C/W}$			
Operating junction and storage temperature range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to +150					$^\circ\text{C}$			

Notes: 1. Pulse test: Pulse width 300 usec, Duty cycle 2%



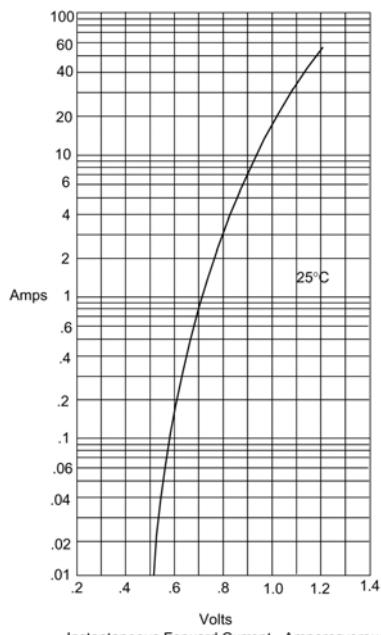
MUR1010CT thru MUR1060CT

MUR1010FCT thru MUR1060FCT

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

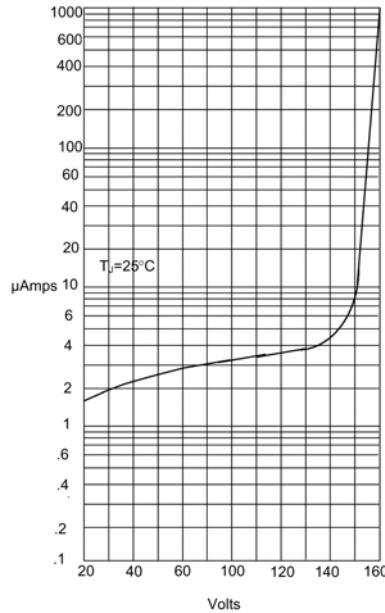
($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Figure 1
Typical Forward Characteristics



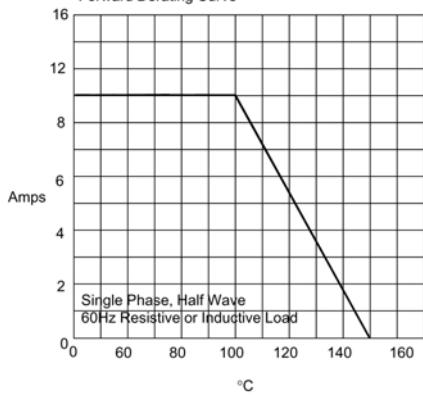
Instantaneous Forward Current - Amperes versus
Instantaneous Forward Voltage - Volts

Figure 2
Typical Reverse Characteristics



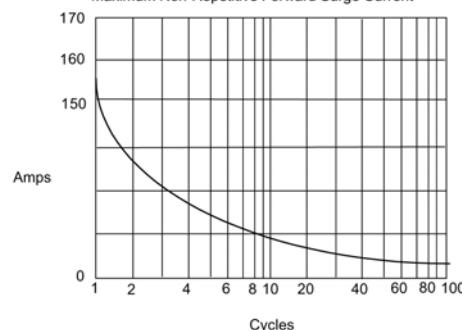
Instantaneous Reverse Leakage Current - MicroAmperes versus
Percent Of Rated Peak Reverse Voltage - Volts

Figure 3
Forward Derating Curve



Average Forward Rectified Current - Amperes versus
Case Temperature - °C

Figure 4
Maximum Non-Repetitive Forward Surge Current



Peak Forward Surge Current - Amperes versus
Number Of Cycles At 60Hz - Cycles